WiNmaster 2
Breaker with intelligence

RoHS Compliant

Air Circuit Breaker
WiNmaster2 Power Circuit Breakers are a new generation of Air Circuit Breakers having modular construction to offer a truly global product platform meeting IEC, ANSI and UL standards.

A line of Three and Four pole devices ranging from 630 to 2500 Amp in two basic frames with fault interruption ratings of up to 50kA. A design offering a unique combination of High Fault current withstands ratings, short fault interruption time and zone selectivity.

The device includes the new state-of-the-art MicroPro2 intelligent trip unit that enables the circuit breaker with the latest technology for system safety, reliability, measurement, relaying and communications using the Modbus, Profibus or devicenet protocol.
WiNmaster 2
LV Air circuit breaker, 630A to 2500A
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Complete Modular construction
The new WiNmaster2 ACBs are the result of constant commitment to look for new solutions and the know how C&S has developed over the years.

In this series C&S introduces New WiNmaster2 Air Circuit Breaker which is an incredibly innovative high quality circuit-breaker supported by state-of-the-art manufacturing technologies which ensures utmost performance, reliability, complete safety and uninterruptible service throughout the product life that ultimately reduces the stress on components.

WiNmaster2 Air Circuit Breaker is available from 630A to 3200 A rating in 3 and 4 pole execution, with breaking capacity of 50kA / 65kA. It provides total solutions with an advanced trip relay for measurement, diagnosis, analysis, and communication as well as protective functions for absolute protective coordination and electric power monitoring system.

WiNmaster 2 has a modular construction which has been designed according to customer’s demand and present day complex requirement of electrical systems.

These ACBs are most compact in size with wide range & high breaking capacity. Compact yet offering Horizontal Type Busbar Termination for ease of installation enhanced life and intuitive operation makes them a very user friendly range of circuit breaker for any application. The height and depth are same through out the range. The accessories are common, front accessible and easy to fit up to 3200 A

WiNmaster2 ACB stands for...Reliability as it confirms to the latest IEC 60947-2/IS 13947-2 standard for isolation.
Available in both Fixed & Drawout version

Fixed Type

Drawout Type
Constructions Characteristics

Structure of the Circuit Breaker
The sheet steel structure of WiNmaster 2 is extremely compact, considerably reducing overall dimensions.
WiNmaster 2 circuit breakers comes in two frame sizes.
WX-A: 630A to 2500A
WX-B: 2000A to 3200A

Performance levels: 50kA (N)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>WX-A</th>
<th>WX06A</th>
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Uniform Construction

.........Offering ease for installation and possibility for optimized panel size.
The height and width are showing below for frame WX-A up to 2500A. The panel cutout size is same for all types of WiNmaster2, which makes it easy to arrange them in switchboards. Panel cutout for front remains same.
Contact System

Contact system of each phase is installed in a small chamber that is made up of insulating materials, with arc-extinguish chamber above it. Contact system is connected with the main shaft outside the insulating base through connecting rod, so as to finish the closing and opening operations.

In order to reduce the electric repulsion and improve the reliability, contact system of each phase adopts parallel connection of 10~14 moving contacts that are installed on a contact support.

One end of contacting piece of the contact is connected with the busbar through flexible connection.

When the circuit breaker closes, the main shaft drives the connecting rod to make the contact support revolve around the point “A” counterclockwise, after the moving contact touches the static contact, the contact support will continue to rotate around the point “A” counterclockwise, while the moving contact will rotate around the point “B” clockwise to compress the spring, so as to produce a certain contact force that guarantees reliable closing of circuit breaker.
Operating Mechanism

The operation of circuit breaker has two modes: manual operation and electric operation. Operating mechanism of circuit breaker makes use of cam to compress a group of energy-storage spring to reach the aim of energy storing, makes use of the energy of energy-storage spring during releasing to close the circuit breaker, the closing speed has no relation to electric or manual operating speed. Circuit breaker will carry out energy pre-storage under closing state for the next closing. The operating mechanism has function of free tripping. The circuit breaker has three types of working position, whose operating process as follows:

Energy storage
External force of electric operation or manual operation drives the cam to rotate, the energy-storage lever on the cam rotates along with it. During the rotation of cam, energy-storage spring is compressed continuously until the cam rotates to a certain angle (finish position of energy storage); the reaction force of energy-storage lever will push the cam to go on rotating (turn to energy releasing position), in the meantime, the fixed shaft on the cam is just pressed against the lever 1, and the other end of lever 1 is locked by the energy-releasing tripping half-shaft, so the “go on rotating” of cam also is locked (in energy-storage position). On the other hand, when the external force of electric operation or manual operation helps the energy storing of energy-storage spring, cam drives the connecting rod 1 to rotate, the lever 2 on connecting rod 1 rotates towards the re-trip position, when reaching the re-trip position, the tripping half-shaft is rotated to the re-trip position under the action of spring force on the re-trip half-shaft, so as to finish the re-trip process. Now the energy storage is finished, it is ready for closing of circuit breaker.

Closing
Press the closing button or closing electromagnet, let the half-shaft of energy-releasing release rotate counterclockwise, then the lever 1 pressing against the energy-releasing tripping half-shaft trips, cam rotates clockwise under the action of energy-storage spring force until reaching the cam gap, energy-storage lever rotates counterclockwise under the action of energy-storage spring force, axle pin on the energy-storage lever just hits the connecting rod 2 fiercely, which enables the connecting rod 2 to rotate, and drives the connecting rod 1 and connecting rod 3 to run, as the running direction (by means of force transmission of lever 2) of connecting rod 1 is locked by the tripping half-shaft, then the connecting rod 3 pushes the main shaft 8 to rotate clockwise, to close the circuit breaker.

Breaking
Let the shunt tripping half-shaft (10) rotate clockwise by pressing the opening button or through the tripping operation from under-voltage release, shunt release and intelligent release, lever 2 trips, force pressing against the connecting rod 1 is disappeared, and now the connecting rod 1 is in free state, the four-rod link mechanism composed of connecting rod 1, 2 and 3 now becomes five-rod linkage mechanism, under the action of contact reaction force and backspring force, the circuit breaker opens quickly.

Electric energy-storage mechanism
The electric energy-storage mechanism is composed of motor, position limited inching switch and a group of gear reduction system that has planetary gear, used for energy storing and energy pre-storing of operating mechanism.
Basic Structure
WiNmaster2 WX series circuit breakers are available in Drawout & fixed versions. The drawout version is mounted on a chassis & the fixed version is installed using fixing brackets.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Drawout version</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Drawout version diagram]</td>
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</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Fixed version</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>![Fixed version diagram]</td>
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</table>
WiNmaster2 ACB is a product confirming to RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) directive. That means, in conformity with EU Directive Lead (Pb), Cadmium (Cd), Mercury (Hg), Hexavalent Chromium (Cr+6), Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB) and Polybrominated Biphenyl Ethers (PBDE) have not been used except for exempted applications.

**Conformity to RoHS Directive**

C&S Electric fully takes into account environmental requirements, starting right from the design phase of every product through to the end of its service life:

- the materials used for WiNmaster 2 are not potentially dangerous to the environment
- the production facilities are non-polluting in compliance with the ISO 14001 standard
- the energy dissipated per pole is low, making energy losses insignificant
- the materials are marked to facilitate sorting for recycling at the end of product service life.
# Technical Characteristics

## Characteristics as per IEC 60947-2 / Frame size

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<th>In</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
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<td>Number of poles</td>
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<td>Rated insulation voltage (V)</td>
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</table>
Cradle terminal as per panel manufacturer

Horizontal type

Vertical type

Mixed type
Connections for ease of different installation

C&S WiNmaster2 ACB meets your demands for high breaking capacity, fully line-up and optimized panel size. Various accessories and horizontal connection methods realize user friendly handling. This offers flexibility for construction of busbar as product is available with horizontal terminal requirement meeting varied customer requirement for termination. Such facility allows user to optimize the size of switchboards and busbar connection.

WiNmaster2 ACB provides you total solutions with an advanced trip relay for measurement, diagnosis, analysis and communication as well as protective functions for absolute protective co-ordination and electric power monitoring system.

Breaker connection in Horizontal Type
**External configuration**

1. Trip relay
2. ON button
3. OFF button
4. Operational position indication
5. Charge handle
6. Rated name plate
7. Charge/Discharge indicator
8. Front facia
9. Auxiliary terminal shield

**Internal configuration**

1. Auxiliary Contact group
2. Arc chute
3. Switch Body
4. Intelligent release
5. Spring charging motor
6. Electric motor
7. Charging handle
8. Closing coil
9. Shunt coil
10. UVT
11. UVT Delay block
All accessories are common for entire range and now can be easily fitted from the front. Therefore, it is now possible to convert Manual breaker to electrical breaker at site or even in installation. All accessories (Shunt coil, UVT, closing coil, locks etc.) can now be installed very easily from front after removing the top cover of ACB and all accessories are clip-on require no screws for mounting and even motor drive require just one screw for mounting on the ACB for easy access.

Ease of Installation, Operation and Maintenance

1. Charging handle
2. Operational position indication
3. UVT Delay Block
4. Closing coil
5. Shunt coil
6. UVT coil
7. Spring Charging Motor
8. Pad Lock position
9. Auxiliary terminal shield
10. Auxiliary terminal
The trip relay of WinMaster2 ACB provides the additional protection function for voltage, frequency unbalance and others in addition to main protection function for over current, short circuit, ground fault. It supports the advanced measurement functions for voltage, current, power, electric energy, harmonics, communication function and others.

Analog trip function interlock with mechanism enhanced a durability of devices as well as the breaking capacity of ACB.

Zone selective interlocking function make the protective coordination more simple and thermal memory can be applied to various loads.
Intelligent trip units

**More options for different application and customer need**

Today, Microprocessor based trip units has increased the scope of ACB function in any electrical system. With energy being the key both in terms of its availability and also conservation, it is required that energy is saved to its maximum optimizing its use to maximum when needed. Such complex present day requirement is easily achieved with use of sophisticated over current trip device fitted in ACB offering increasingly powerful functions. It offers measurement of system parameters, store data, log various events, calculate required data, signal alarms with communication through various modes and even take action to optimize the available energy in system etc. WiNmaster ACB equipped with Micrpro trip units offers both, reliable protection and accurate measurement.

**Intelligent release overview**

**Base**
The base, as a function actuating part, is composed of the following parts.
- Interlocking mechanism: when the actuator magnetic flux converter of release acts, it drives tripping lever to break the circuit breaker, keeps this position and let the circuit breaker be unable to close before resetting of interlocking mechanism.
- Resetting mechanism: it is a mechanical structure (reset button and its mechanism), after the magnetic flux converter operates and let the main contact open, this resetting mechanism can reset the magnetic flux converter.
- Magnetic flux converter: it produces a magnetic field after receiving the current from release circuit, to change the direction of magnetic line of force, it induces the movable iron core that is under the action of reaction spring to run, which drives the tripping lever to open the circuit breaker through interlocking mechanism.

**Auxiliary contact of release**
It determine the opening and closing position of two pairs of NO contacts according to the main contact state of circuit breaker. The other pair is of changeover contacts, determine its working position according to the state of magnetic flux converter.

**Body case**
In the body case, there is a basic circuit board of release, which receives various signals and sends out various commands according to the preset functions and requirements after judgment, to finish the functions required by circuit breaker.

**Sensor**
The sensor is installed on the main circuit bus of circuit breaker, the neutral-line transformer may be installed separately at requests. The sensor provides the energy and signal for the release. This sensor is different from the traditional transformer, it is made up of a rapidly saturable current transformer that is used to provide the normal work energy for release and an air-core transformer that is used to provide current for circuit. Magnitude of secondary current of air-core transformer is directly proportional to that of main circuit current. These two transformers are installed in a round plastic box together.

**Power supply accessories**
There are many kinds of power supply accessories: the one installed on the base is used for release display and working state memory when the main circuit of circuit breaker opens or current is very weak; power supply accessories installed on the drawer seat include AC power supply, DC power supply, uninterrupted (battery) power supply and so on (used for full-intelligent type release), to guarantee the power supply for release and relay accessories.

**Relay**
The relay, as a function extension of release, can be divided into two types: one is used to provide overload and short-circuit operation indication, load monitoring operation command and indication, earthing fault indication, local fault indication and so on totally sixteen types of relay contact output with different combinations for user according to the command of release. The other one is under control of computer, transmits various parameters remotely and relay output providing various indications and operations with different combinations for user.
Intelligent trip units

Micropro release is equipped with LCD display which is part of same navigator panel. Control unit is designed to offer great use for user to access and operate the same easily and without any training.

Micropro is completely microprocessor based device with LCD display offering various options including ammeter, power measurement, zone selectivity, Neutral protection, diagnosis facilities and harmonics filter. These control units also offers communication through RS485 / Modbus protocol.

Features

- Release Type MicroPro2-3.1, 4.1 & 7.1
- LSIGN with additional protection - under Current, Current unbalance under / over voltage, under/over Current, under/over Frequency & Earth Leakage
- Measurement of True RMS value of current
- Measurement of Current, Voltage, Frequency, Harmonics & Power parameters and also store max. value in maximeter
- Last fault Trip history
- Zone selective interlocking
- Digital display & fault LED retention
- Zone selective interlocking
- In-built thermal memory
- 1 or 2 way communication
- Communication Protocol through Modbus-RS 485/232
**MicroPro2 3.1**
- Overload protection
- Short Circuit current protection
- Earth Fault protection
- INST Fault protection

**MicroPro2 4.1**
- Overload & Short Circuit protection
- Instantaneous current protection
- Neutral & Ground Fault Protection
- Ampere Meter
- Digital display and fault LED retention in case of power failure

**MicroPro2 7.1**
- Overload & Short Circuit protection
- Instantaneous current protection
- Neutral & Ground Fault / Leakage Protection
- Various Protection related to voltage, frequency, load and motor
- Zone Selectivity, Measurement of V, I, P, F, KWH, KVArh, Harmonics etc. and also store the maximum value in maximeter

**Communication**
- Port: RS485
- Protocol: Modbus/Profibus/Devicenet
Protection settings
Protection thresholds and delays are set using the keypad buttons or the communication software. The selected values are momentarily displayed on the display.

Overload protection
- True RMS long-time protection
- Multiple ranges of Protection Curves for the co-ordination from inductive load to high voltage fuse: SI, VI, EI (G), EI (M), HV, and I2T.
- Multiple selection of Thermal memory: thermal image before & after tripping.
- The long-time setting “OFF” enables to cancel the overload protection.

Short-circuit protection
- Short-time (RMS) and instantaneous protection.
- Selection of Fixed Time Delay & Inverse Trip Current type, (ON or OFF) for delay.
- Zone Selectivity Interlock.

Neutral protection
In Practice, cable & current characteristics of the neutral phase is very different from that of the other three phases. Micropro 2 7.1 take different protection measures according to different application needs. When the cable is relatively thin, half the set value can be used, and when the cable is normal, the set value can be used. When the mains harmonics are relatively big, double value.

Earth fault protection
- Earth fault protection is definite type curve setting, which ensure the more reliability
- Setting “OFF” enables, to cancel the earth fault protection
- Earth fault Zone selective Interlocking

Earth Leakage Protection
This function is to prevent the leakage damage caused by insulation failure of the equipment. The unit of the tripping value is ampere and is irrelevant with the rated current of breaker. For Zero sequence signals adapting a rectangle mutual inductor is needed for better precision and sensitivity in the protection of small current.

Additional Protection & Alarm
The Micropro 2 7.1 can be set for the Air Circuit Breaker tripping provides the protection against the following parameters.
- Over & under voltage
- Voltage Unbalance
- Over & Under frequency
- Current unbalance
- Reverse Power
- Phase sequence
- Maximum required value protection
Measurement
- Micropro displays the electrical parameter like Current values, instant current value (RMS) including ground fault current, Creepage current with measuring precision of 5% (at above In) & 1.5% (at 2In) and also store the maximum value in maximeter.
- Phase to phase & phase to neutral Voltage measurement with 0.5% precision and also store the maximum value in maximeter.
- Phase sequence
- Phase Unbalance
- Active Power, Reactive Power & Apparent power and also store the maximum value in maximeter.
- Power factor
- Electrical Energy
- Calculation of current and voltage total harmonic distortion (THD)
- Current and voltage and power fundamentals
- Current and voltage harmonics up to the 31st order

Communication option
Micropro2 7.1 can be connected with the protocol with the help of Rs 485/232 to converter. Communication gives facility to perform following action:
- To read & set all functions parameters remotely
- To transmit all the measurements
- To give signals for the tripping & alarms
- To give maintenance history (Number of operation & contacts wear % etc)
- An event log and a maintenance register, stored in Micropro2 7.1 memory are also available locally.
- The voltage & current waveform can be captured to analyze the power quality waveform

Histories
The last 8 trips, alarms & ACB status are recorded in to 3 separate files that may be displayed on screen.
- Tripping history
  - Type of fault
  - Date & time
  - Values measured at the time of tripping
- Alarm histories
  - Type of fault
  - Date & time
  - Values measured at the time of alarm
- ACB status
  It will give information about the ACB tripping locally or remotely etc.

Maintenance indicators
Micropro2 7.1 gives information about the maintenance parameters of ACB.
- Total no of mechanical operation counter.
- Contact wear

MCR & HSISC Protection
MCR & HSISC is the instantaneous protection of the breaker itself. When limit exceeding fault current is detected, the breaker will send out a trip command within 10ms. MCR protects the making capacity of the breaker and prevents switch damage caused by making current exceeding the making capacity. The protection is enabled instantaneously (within 100ms) after closing and opening. HSISC is a breaker protection which prevents the breaker from carrying a persistent through fault current greater than it’s through fault capability. It is effective after 100ms after breaker closing. Micropro2 7.1 can do the analysis of power quality including calculation of harmonics and the fundamentals. Voltage & current waveform can be analyzed for any event in power supply system. It gives an enhanced alarm programming to analyze and track down the disturbance in the power network system.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Protection Type</th>
<th>Setting</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
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<td><strong>Over Load Protection</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pick up</td>
<td>Off 0.4 ~ 1.0In</td>
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<tr>
<td>Protection Curve</td>
<td>St, VI, E1(3), E1(M), HV, I2T</td>
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<tr>
<td>Thermal Memory</td>
<td>Instantaneous, 10 m, 20m, 30m, 45m, 1h, 2h, 3h</td>
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<tr>
<td>Delay</td>
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<tr>
<td><strong>Short Circuit</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pick up</td>
<td>Inverse Trip Current Is = Off +1.5 ~ 15Ir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Time Trip Current Is</td>
<td>Off +1.5 ~ 15Ir</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fixed Time Delay Time Tsd</td>
<td>0.1 ~ 0.4 S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Zone Selectivity Interlock</td>
<td>Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Instantaneous</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>N Protection</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pick up</td>
<td>50%, 100%, 160%, 200%, Off</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Earth Fault</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth Fault Protection</td>
<td>OFF+0.2 ~ 1.0In</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Inverse Curve Multiple Cr</td>
<td>1.5 ~ 6, OFF</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay Tg</td>
<td>0.1 ~ 1S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth Fault Zone Selective</td>
<td>Available</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Interlocking</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Earth Leakage</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Earth Leakage Protection Δln</td>
<td>0.5 ~ 30.0A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay Time T7 (nS)</td>
<td>Instantaneous, 0.06, 0.08, 0.17, 0.25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>0.33, 0.42, 0.5, 0.58, 0.67, 0.75, 0.83</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Current Unbalance Protection</td>
<td>5% ~ 60%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay Set Value</td>
<td>0.1 ~ 40.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Value</td>
<td>5% ~ Start Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return Delay</td>
<td>10 ~ 200S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Under Voltage Protection Parameters</strong></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Start Value</td>
<td>100V ~ Return Value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Delay Set value</td>
<td>0.2 ~ 60S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Return Value</td>
<td>Start Value ~ 1200V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Delay Return Time</td>
<td>0.2 ~ 60S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protection Alarm DO Output</td>
<td>Set one of the DO of the signal unit as</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>&quot;Under Voltage Alarm&quot;. Protection Performance Alarm/Break/Switch Off</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
### Over Voltage Protection Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the protected Starting</td>
<td>Return value – 1200V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay time set of the protected operation</td>
<td>0.2 – 60S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the protected operation returns</td>
<td>Start Value – 1200V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay time of protection returns</td>
<td>0.2 – 60S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protect alarming DO output</td>
<td>Set one DO of the signal units as “overvoltage error”. (not muST, if not set this item, the alarm information will only be read from the screen of the controller, without the connecting port output;)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Protection operating way

**Alarm/trip/close**

### Voltage Unbalance Protection

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the Protected Start</td>
<td>2% – 30%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the protected operation delay time</td>
<td>0.2 – 60.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return set value of the protected operation</td>
<td>2% – STARTing value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay time of the protected return</td>
<td>0.2 – 60.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protected alarm DO output</td>
<td>Set one DO of the signal units “U imbalance alarm”: (not muST, if not set this item, the alarm information can only be read from the screen of the controller, without the connecting port output)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Performing way

**Alarm/trip/close**

### Underfrequency Protection Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the Protected Start</td>
<td>45.0 – return value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the protected operation delay time</td>
<td>0.2 – 5.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return set value of the protected operation</td>
<td>Start value – 65Hz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay time of the protected return</td>
<td>0.2 – 36.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protected alarm DO output</td>
<td>Set one DO of the signal units as “underfrequency error”: (not muST, if not set this item, the alarm information can only be read from the screen of the controller, without the connecting port output)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Performing way

**Alarm/trip/close**

### Over frequency Protection Parameters

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Value</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the Protected Start</td>
<td>Return value – 65.0HZ</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Set value of the protected operation delay time</td>
<td>0.2 – 5.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Return set value of the protected operation</td>
<td>45.0HZ – STARTing value</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Delay time of the protected return</td>
<td>0.2 – 36.0S</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Protected alarm DO output</td>
<td>Set one DO of the signal units as “overfrequency error”: (not muST, if not set this item, the alarm information can only be read from the screen of the controller, without the connecting port output)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Performing way

**Alarm/trip/close**
### Reverse Power Protection
- **Set value of the Protected Start**: 5 – 500kW
- **Set value of the protected operation delay time**: 0.2 – 20S
- **Return set value of the protected operation**: 5 kW – Start value
- **Delay time of the protected return**: 1.0 – 360S
- **Protected alarm DO output**: Set one DO of the signal units as "power error". (Note: if not set this item, the alarm information can only be read from the screen of the controller, without connecting port output.)

### Phase Sequence Protection
- **Performing way**: Alarm/trip/close
- **Operating phase sequence**: \( ?f : A, B, C / ?f : A, C, B \)
- **Protected alarm DO output**: Set one DO of the signal units as "phase sequence error". (Note: if not set this item, the alarm information can only be read from the screen of the controller, without connecting port output.)

### Leakage Alarm
- **Current Setting of Alarm Action**: 0.5 – 30.0A
- **Alarm Action Time Delay**: 0.0 – 1.0S
- **Alarm Return Current Setting**: 0.5 – 30.0A
- **Alarm Return Delay**: 0.0 – 1.0S
- **Alarm DO Output**: Set one DO of the signal unit as "Leakage Alarm".

### Current Unbalance Protection
- **Delay Set Value**: 0.1 – 40.0S
- **Return Value**: 5% – Start Value
- **Return Delay**: 10.0 – 200S
- **Alarm DO Output**: Set one of the DO of the signal unit as "Current Unbalance alarm".

### Indication
- **Power ON LED**: Available
- **Over Load Flashing LED**: Available
- **OL/SC/EF Trip LED**: Available
- **LCD Display**: Available

### Protocol
- **Modbus**: RS485/232
Protection settings
Protection thresholds and delays are set using the adjustment dip switches. The running load is displayed in amperes.

Overload protection
True RMS long time protection. Thermal memory; thermal image before and after tripping. The long time setting “OFF” enable to cancel the overload protection.

Short circuit protection
Short time (RMS) and instantaneous protection.

Earth fault protection
Earth fault protection is definite type curve setting, which ensure the more reliability.

Last fault tripping history
On digital display last fault history can be viewed.

- Reset button
- Rated current label
- Current display
- Current and time units
- Phase ground & the maximum phase current
- Current view selection key
- Overload fault trip indicator
- Short circuit fault trip delay indicator
- Clear reset button
- Short current instantaneous fault trip indicator
- Long delay overload current protection setting and alarm button
- Overload protection long delay time setting indicator
- Short circuit current of the short time delay
- Short circuit protection short delay time setting indicator
- Short circuit current instantaneous protection and alarm indicator
- Troubleshooting button
- Spare key
- Load monitoring and alarm indicator 2 current set
- Set the value of the reduced bond
- Set the value of the increased bond
- Panel power jack
- Setting storage switch
- Storage indicator
- Do not trip test button
- Trip test button
- Parameter setting selection key
- Load monitoring a current setting and alarm indicator
## Over Load Protection

Current Setting (A) \( I_r = \ln x \)  
0.4 ...................... 1, OFF

### Tripping between 1.05 and 1.2 \( I_r \)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time setting (s)</th>
<th>15</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>60</th>
<th>120</th>
<th>240</th>
<th>OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.05( I_r )</td>
<td>15</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>480</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2( I_r )</td>
<td>8.4</td>
<td>16.8</td>
<td>33.8</td>
<td>67.5</td>
<td>135</td>
<td>270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2( I_r )</td>
<td>0.65</td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>10.4</td>
<td>20.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- Thermal memory: 300 min
- Output DO single alarm: Available

### Short time lsd

- Pick-up (A): 0.4 ...................... 15, OFF
- Time setting: 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4
- Time delay (ms) Accuracy ± 40ms
- \( t_{sd} = \frac{t_s}{t_{sd}} \)

### Instantaneous \( I_l \)

- Pick-up (A): 1 .......................... 50kA, OFF
- Time setting: Instantaneous

### Earth fault \( I_g \)

- Pick-up (A): 0.2 ...................... 1, OFF
- Time setting: 0.1 0.2 0.3 0.4
- Time delay (ms) Accuracy ± 40ms

### Indication, Monitoring & Control

- Power On Led indicator
- Overload LED indicator
- Overload trip LED indicator
- Short circuit trip LED indicator
- Earth fault trip LED indicator
- Trip history
- Thresholds and delay setting by dip switches
- Test function
- Load monitoring

(Earlier terminology: Long time \( I_{r1} \), Short Time \( I_{r2} \), Instantaneous \( I_{r3} \), Earth fault \( I_{r4} \))
Micropro 2 - 3.1

Micropro2-3.1 type relay is pull switch coding switch and tuning method is simple, easy and intuitive.

**Protection settings**
Protection thresholds and delays are set using adjustable coding switch

**Overload protection**
True RMS long time protection with adjustable threshold setting

**Short circuit protection**
Short time (RMS) protection with adjustable threshold setting

**Earth fault protection**
True RMS earth fault protection with adjustable threshold and delay settings

1. Reset button
2. Rated current value
3. Power ON button
4. Current beam for long time
5. Overload indicator
6. Grounding protection current setting coding switch
7. Overload protection long delay current setting switch
8. Short circuit current of the short time delay setting coding switch
9. Short circuit current coding switch transient protection
10. Short circuit transient protection fault indicator
11. Short time delay short circuit fault indicator
12. Long delay overload protection fault indicator
13. Grounding protection fault indicator
14. Short circuit protection short delay time stubbs switch setting
15. Overload protection long delay time setting slide switch
16. Grounding protection time setting slide switch
17. Reset button
18. Test release button
19. Troubleshooting button
## Micropro 2 - 3.1

### Over Load Protection

| Current Setting (A) | lr = ln x | 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, 0.9, 1 OFF |

### Tripping between 1.05 and 1.2 x lr

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time setting</th>
<th>lg (s)</th>
<th>30</th>
<th>60</th>
<th>120</th>
<th>240</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.5 x lr</td>
<td></td>
<td>30</td>
<td>60</td>
<td>120</td>
<td>240</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 x lr</td>
<td></td>
<td>16.9</td>
<td>33.8</td>
<td>67.5</td>
<td>135</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.2 x lr</td>
<td></td>
<td>1.3</td>
<td>2.6</td>
<td>5.2</td>
<td>10.4</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Time delay (s)</th>
<th>Thermal memory</th>
<th>30 min</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Output DO single alarm</td>
<td>Optional</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Short time lsd

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pick-up (A)</th>
<th>lsd = lr x</th>
<th>3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time setting</td>
<td>tsd (s)</td>
<td>0.2, 0.4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>constant time-lag</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Instantaneous li

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pick-up (A)</th>
<th>li = ln x</th>
<th>10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 20, OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time delay (s)</td>
<td>Instantaneous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>constant time-lag</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Earth fault lg

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pick-up (A)</th>
<th>lg = ln x</th>
<th>0.2, 0.3, 0.4, 0.5, 0.6, 0.7, 0.8, OFF</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Time delay (s)</td>
<td>tg (s)</td>
<td>0.2</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>constant time-lag</td>
<td>Min. (ms)</td>
<td>160</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Max. (ms)</td>
<td>240</td>
<td>460</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Indication, Monitoring & Control

- Power On Led Indicator
- Overload LED indicator
- Overload trip LED indicator
- Short circuit trip LED indicator
- Earth Fault trip LED indicator

(Earlier terminology Long time lr1, Short Time lr2, Instantaneous lr3, Earth fault lr4)
Chart A2
Standard inverse time lag

Chart A3
Very inverse time lag
Chart A4
Extremely inverse time lag (distributing protection)

Chart A5
Extremely inverse time lag (generator protection)
Chart A6
High voltage fuse compatible

Chart A7
Extreme inverse time curve
**Micropro 2 - 7.1**

**Chart S1**
Short delay reverse time lag - standard reverse time lag

**Chart S2**
Sort time delay reverse time lag - fast reverse time lag
Chart S3
Short delay reverse time lag - express reverse time lag
(distributing protection)

Chart S4
Sort delay reverse time lag - express reverse time lag
(generator protection)
Micropro 2 - 7.1

Chart S5
Short delay reverse time lag - high voltage fuse compatible

Chart S6
Short time reverse time lag - common use reverse time lag
The curve above bases on the set value below:
- Curve type = fast reverse time lag
- Curve speed = C1, C8 and C16
Operation set value of short delay reverse time lag = 3 x Iset
Delay time of short delay fixed time lag set value = 0.3 S
*Ir (long delay set value)

The curve above bases on the fixed value below:
- Delay time of short delay fixed time lag set value = 6 x Ir
- Delay time of short delay fixed time lag set value = 0.3 S
Chart C3
Example curve of reverse time lag, fixed time lag

The curve above bases on the set value below:
- Curve type = fast reverse time lag
- Curve speed = C1, C8 and C16 (C1 fastest)
- Operation set value of short delay reverse time lag = 3 x Iset
- Operating set value of short delay fixed time lag = 6 x Ir
- Delay time of short delay fixed time lag set value = 0.3 S
Micropro 2 - 7.1

Chart G1
Ground protection

Chart G1
Creepage protection
Communication

**Modbus / RS-485**
- Operation Mode: Differential
- Distance: 1.2 km
- Cable: General RS-485 Shielded twist 2 pair cable
- Baud rate: 9600 bps, 19200 bps, 38400 bps
- Transmission Method: Half-duplex
- Termination: 100 Ω

**Profibus - DP**
- Profibus-DP Module is installed separately (optional)
- Operation Mode: Differential
- Distance: 1.2 km
- Cable: Profibus-DP Shielded twist 2 pair cable
- Baud rate: 9600 bps–12Mbps
- Transmission Method: Half-duplex
- Termination: 100
- Standard: EN 50170/DIN19245
ZSI – Zone Selective Interlocking (micropro2)

Zone selective interlocking drops delay time that eliminates fault for breakers. It minimize the shock that all kind of electric machineries get under fault conditions.

- In case of that short time-delay or ground fault accident occurs at ZSI built in system, the breaker at accident site sends ZSI signal to halt upstream breaker’s operation.
- To eliminate a breakdown, trip relay of ACB at accident site activates trip operation without time delay.
- The upstream breaker that received ZSI signal adhere to pre-set short time delay or ground fault time-delay for protective coordination in the system. However upstream breaker that did not receive its signal will trip instantaneously.
- For ordinary ZSI operations it should arrange operation time accordingly so that downstream breaker will react before upstream ones under overcurrent/short time delay/ground fault situations.
- ZSI connecting lines need to be Max. 3m.

1) Occurrence of fault A
   - Only **Breaker 1** performs instantaneous trip operation

2) Occurrence of fault B
   - **Breaker 2** perform instantaneous trip operation, breaker 1 perform trip operation after prearranged delay time
   - But if **Breaker 2** did not break the fault normally, breaker 1 perform instantaneous trip operation to protect system.
Snap-in type Accessories

- Spring charging motor
- Opening / closing coil
- Under voltage release
Electrical charging device (Motor)

**Basic Function**

The electrical charging device (motor) automatically charges & recharges the spring mechanism.

**Features**

- Voltages available - 220V AC (50Hz), 415V AC (50Hz), 110V DC, 220V DC.
- Consumption - 85VA for AC, 85W for DC

Opening release, closing release

**Basic Function**

- Opening release instantaneously opens the circuit breaker when energized.
- Closing release instantaneously closes the circuit breaker when energized.

**Features**

- Voltages available – 220V AC (50Hz), 415V AC (50Hz), 220V DC.
- Consumption - 24VA for 220V AC, 36VA for 415V AC, 24W for 220V DC.
- Reliable operating voltage range of opening release is 70% - 110%.
- Reliable operating voltage range of closing release is 85% - 110%.

Under voltage release

**Basic Function**

- The Under voltage release instantaneously opens the circuit breaker when the supply voltage drops.
- The delay block eliminate the nuisance tripping during short voltage dips.

**Features**

- Voltages available – 220V AC (50Hz), 415V AC (50Hz)
- Consumption - 24VA for 220V AC, 36VA for 415V AC,
- Reliable operating voltage range of opening release is 70% - 110%.
- Reliable operating voltage range of closing release is 85% - 110%.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Under-voltage release</th>
<th>Under-voltage release</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Operating time of release</td>
<td>Time delay 0, 0.3, 0.6, 1, 3, 5s instantaneous</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating voltage value of release</td>
<td>35–70%Ue</td>
<td>It is able to open the circuit breaker</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Within of delay time; when the source voltage recovers to 85%Ue</td>
<td>≤ 35%Ue</td>
<td>Circuit breaker is unable to close</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>≥ 85% - 110%Ue</td>
<td>Circuit breaker is able to close reliably</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Circuit breaker does not open</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Note:** Accuracy of delay time is ±10%.
**Accessories**

**Mechanical accessories**

**Mechanical Interlock**

**Basic Function**

It is used to interlock closing & trip between two or three breakers mechanically so as to prevent unintended operation at the same time.

**Panel door ingress seal**

**Basic Function**

Panel door ingress seal increases the degree of protection to IPXX & IPXX in fix & drawout ACB simultaneously.

**Keylock**

**Basic Function**

- The key lock inhibits local & remote closing of circuit breaker.
- Interlocking can be achieved by using '2 locks with 1 key' & '3 locks with 2 keys'.

**Door Interlock**

**Basic Function**

- This device inhibits opening of the cubicle door when the circuit breaker is in 'Connected' or 'Test' position.
- It may be mounted on the left or right-hand side of the chassis.

**Auxiliary Terminal Shield**

**Basic Function**

This shield prevents access to the terminal block of the electrical auxiliaries.
WiNmaster 2

Electrical Diagram

**Micropro 2 - 3.1**

![Micropro 2 - 3.1 Electrical Diagram](image)

**Micropro 2 - 7.1**

![Micropro 2 - 7.1 Electrical Diagram](image)

Protection and control circuit

NOTE: FCO will be used only for 20/20 motor

---

**CHARGING CIRCUIT/REBOOT TRIP AND INTERRUPTIBLE CIRCUIT**

**ALARM AND INDICATION CIRCUIT**

**AUXILIARY SWITCH CIRCUIT**

---

- **M** — Charging Motor
- **CC** — Charging Cell
- **UTV** — Under Voltage Trip Coil
- **BHT** — Boost Trip Coil
- **MRD** — Magnetic Field Trigger Device

---

**PLUG AND Socket CONNECTION**

**BREAKER Wiring**

**ISOLATING CONTACT**

---

- **SW1** — Motor Cut-Off Switch
- **SW2** — Motor Cut-Off Switch (DC)
- **SW3** — Trip Initiator Switch
- **SW4** — Charge Initiator Switch
- **SW5** — DCL Switch
- **SW6** — MCR Switch

---

54 | C&S Electric Limited
Identifying WX ACB

**Example:** WX ACB of 630A, 4 Pole, 50kA Electric Drawout with medium release; product code shall be:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
<th>C</th>
<th>D</th>
<th>E</th>
<th>F</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>WX</td>
<td>06</td>
<td>N</td>
<td>4P</td>
<td>EDO</td>
<td>B</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Rating

WINmaster 2 WX series Intelligent Circuit Breaker offer current ratings from 630A to 2500A. The new generation intelligent controller provided basic protection of distribution network with specialized function like Measurement, Maintenance and Man-Machine interface.
Dimensions

- Fixed type-630-2500A, 3P/4P
- Draw-out type-630-2500A, 3P/4P
- Fixed type - 3200A, 3P/4P
- Draw-out type - 3200A, 3P/4P
- Fixed type - Panel cutout dimension
- Draw-out type - Panel cutout dimension
Fixed type-630-2500A, 3P/4P

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In</th>
<th>A mm</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>630-800A</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1000-1600A</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2000A-2500A</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Winmaster 2

Dimensions

Draw-out type-630-2500A, 3P/4P

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>In</th>
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<tr>
<td>2000A-2500A</td>
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